**Classification**

1. There are six kingdoms, give an example for each kingdom

Animal \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Plant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Fungi \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
Eubacteria \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Archaebacteria\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Protists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Into what kingdom would each of the following be classified:

a) unicellular prokaryotes that live in dust \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
b) unicellular eukaryotes that live in pond water \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
c) multicellular eukaryotes that live all over the planet and consume food \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
d) unicellular prokaryotes that live in volcanic ash and other inhospitable environments \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
e) multicellular eukaryotes that have cell walls and are heterotrophic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
f) multicellular eukaryotes that have cell walls and are autotrophic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Scientific Name ....Common Name

Panthera onca ...... Jaguar
Felis concolor ..... Mountain lion
Panthera leo ........Lion
Felis catus .........House cat
Canis lupus......... Wolf
Panthera tigris .... Tiger



3. Based on the chart, which two animals are most closely related to the tiger:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Would you expect an animal with the name Rania concolor to look similar to a mountain lion? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. Which animal is most closely related to the house cat? \_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Organisms that below to the same class, must belong to the same : (check)
\_\_\_\_ Order \_\_\_\_\_Phylum \_\_\_\_Kingdom \_\_\_ Family

7. Fill in the blanks:

Kingdom --> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ --> Class --> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
--> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ --> Genus --> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. In each pair, circle the one that you would expect to find the most individual species:

kingdom and genus
phylum and kingdom
phylum and kingdom
phylum and class
class and family
order and class
order and phylum
genus and species